


Content

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 **All work on this Ex-instrument must be carried out only by qualified specialist personnel following IEC 60079-14. Any subsequent modification must be within the framework of this operating manual. The target group of these instructions is electrical specialists and suitably trained staff following IEC 60079-14.**

The operating permit expires in the event of non-compliance!

1. Safety instruction

Storage of the operating manual

Read the operating manual carefully and keep them at the place where the enclosure is fitted. In order to ensure correct operation, note the contents of all the documentation included with delivery and the operating manual for all the components which are connected.

Use the enclosure only for the intended and authorised purpose!

ROSE Systemtechnik GmbH does not accept any liability whatsoever for any damage which is caused by faulty or unauthorised use or by failure to follow the operating instructions. The enclosure must only be used in an undamaged condition.

No unauthorised work on the enclosure!

Installation, maintenance, servicing and troubleshooting procedures must only be carried out by personnel who are authorised to do so and have been trained accordingly.

Please note the following instructions for installation and operation:


- Damage may result in the loss of explosion protection
- National and local safety regulations
- National and local accident prevention regulations
- National and local mounting and installation regulations
- State of the art technology
- The safety information contained in these operating manual
- Information and type plates on or inside the enclosure
- If intrinsically safe electric circuits are used in combination with non-intrinsically-safe electric circuits, ensure that the clearance and creepage distances are complied with. We recommend using separate cable glands, cables and terminals, light-blue coloured, for the intrinsically safe section.

Function

The above-mentioned junction boxes and control stations are explosion-proof devices for fixed installation.

Protective and potential equalising conductor connection

Explosion-proof enclosures must be earthed in accordance with the requirements of IEC 60079 ff., IEC 61439 ff. and IEC 60364-5-54.

 **For electrical earthing, always ensure that all cross-sections of earth wires are of suitable size regarding the real connection cross section. Metal flanges, lids, metal panels and metal cable glands must be included in the potential equalisation!**
If protective conductor busbars are used, each of the clamps can hold 2 conductors up to 6 mm². If only 1 conductor is connected, this must be bent into a bow shape so that the bow creates even contact pressure.

Cable and wire entries, blanking plugs

In accordance with IEC 60079-0 annex B, use only tested and certified cable and wire entries and blanking plugs. Feed in only fixed installed cables and wires. The operator must ensure that there is appropriate strain relief. For operation in an atmosphere with flammable dust, use only explosion-proof tested cable and wire entries and blanking plugs with a minimum IP6X protection class. If cable and wire entries with an IP protection class which is lower than that for the device are used (see the device type plate), this reduces the IP protection class for the whole device.

Unused entry openings must be closed with a certified blanking plug in order to create the minimum protection class.

In order to achieve the enclosure's required IP ingress protection, transport plugs must be replaced with suitable certified explosion-proof cable glands, explosion-proof blind plugs, explosion-proof ventilating nozzles or explosion-proof draining plugs.

The operating temperature range which is appropriate for the device must be selected by taking into account its self-heating factor.

The distance between the drill holes must be maintained in accordance with the "Drill hole spacing for cable glands" table

(see www.rose-systemtechnik.com/en/downloads/operating-manuals).

EN

Before delivery, the devices were tested for compliance with the valid Ex regulations for explosion protection. According to IEC 60079-17, you as installer and/or maintainer are obliged to check before start-up that cable entries and blanking plugs are a tight fit or guarantee a tight fit in accordance with the provisions of the cable gland manufacturers.

In addition, pay attention to the conditions specified in IEC 60079-14.


Note:

If 4 Joule cable glands are used, the device must be set up in such a way that there is only a low risk of mechanical danger or damage.

The cable glands must be protected against mechanical damage, e.g. by means of an impact protection device.

Installation

The relevant IEC standards and national regulations in respect of machine safety codes and also the generally accepted state of the art are obligatory for the setting up and operating processes.

 **All electrical connection work must only be carried out by suitably qualified electricians (IEC 60079-14).**


The clearance and creepage distances acc. to IEC 60079-7, must be maintained. In order to maintain the ignition protection type, the conductor connection must be carried out with extreme care.

The insulation must reach as far as the terminal. The conductor itself must not be damaged. Pay attention to the minimum and maximum connectable conductor cross-sections.

All connection terminal screws and nuts must be tightened in accordance with the terminal manufacturer's torque specifications.

The fitted standard terminal is designed for the direct connection of conductors with copper wires.


Use DIN cable lugs when bolt terminals are fitted.

 **The pressing of the cable lugs onto the cable must be carried out by a trained electrician. Always ensure that the necessary minimum clearance and creepage distances are complied with in accordance with the normative specifications (IEC 60079-7).**

During installation, ensure that there is a conductive or dissipative connection to the earth. Use the earthing points marked in and on the enclosure. Before opening the enclosure, check that no voltages are present, or alternatively take suitable protective measures.

For the 05/15/606020 aluminium enclosure and 35.xxxxx and 36.xxxxx, stainless steel series, remove the plastic plugs in the base and carry out assembly by using sealing system suitable for IP protection (included in the accessories kit).

Use only original ROSE assembly materials in order to ensure installation which is suitable for IP protection.

 **Enclosures must not be damaged. If enclosures are damaged, the tested technical characteristics cannot be maintained.**

Closing the device / lid

Remove all foreign bodies from the device.

Tighten the lid screws in order to ensure the necessary minimum type of protection. Over-tightening may affect the type of protection.

Incorrect installation and operation of the enclosures may result in the warranty becoming invalid.

2. Initial operation

Before initial operation, check the following:

- only tested and certified terminals
- max. nominal cross-section
- max. current
- max. voltage
- The operating temperature range which is appropriate for the device must be selected by taking into account its self-heating factor.

If cross-connectors are used, it may be necessary to reduce the voltage. Very important. Always follow the terminal manufacturer's instructions!

If the explosion-proof device is exposed to the weather, we recommend equipping it with a protective roof or wall.

With vertical installation, the enclosures can be fitted in any position. With horizontal installation, the lid must be on top. Suspended mounting in which the lid overhangs is not permitted!

Enclosures with mixed assemblies must be marked accordingly.

Example:

- with an inscription label
- or a spatial separation for explosion-proof e and explosion-proof i areas.

3. Maintenance

Always comply with the IEC standards and national regulations which relate to the maintenance of electrical equipment in potentially explosive atmospheres (IEC 60079-17).

The required servicing intervals depend on the actual amount of use and must be determined by the operator according to the actual operating conditions.

As part of the maintenance process, above all those parts on which the ignition protection type depends on must be tested (e.g. the intactness and tightness of the enclosure, intactness of the seals and the cable and wire entries).

If repairs are carried out on the enclosure, e.g. replacement of the seal, please order only the same components from ROSE in order to ensure that the warranty is not invalidated.

Repairs which affect explosion protection must only be carried out by ROSE or a qualified electrician in accordance with the product safety regulations and the valid legislation (IEC 60079-19).

Before opening the enclosure, ensure that no voltages are present. In the case of intrinsically safe electric circuits, live working is permissible.


4. Flange enclosure

If flange panels need to be dismantled, for example to allow the drilling of entry openings, pay attention during installation to the correct seat of the flange panel in order to maintain the minimum protection type.

The flange panels must be fitted in such a way that the IP protection class is maintained. To do this, ensure the exact seat and the intactness of the seal.

5. Equipment options

The contact resistances at terminal positions and the cables inside the enclosure generate heat in every terminal enclosure. In order to prevent the maximum permitted temperature from being exceeded, the current load on the circuits in the terminal enclosure must not be too high. Details of the maximum number of cables for each terminal enclosure, depending on the current load and the conductor cross-section can be found in the assembly table.

 **Measurement of current data (Imax XA) on the device plate overrides the layout diagram. No additional retrofitting is permitted!**

6. Important notes

Cross connectors: By using the cross connectors the maximum input voltage may be substantially reduced! Please see further instructions in the Ex-certificate of terminal manufacturer. For non-observance to this advice, the equipment certification will expire.

For products, that comply UL 508A or NEC 505, open drill holes or threads must be closed before commissioning. These must correspond both to the type of protection of the Rose type plate and to the category Code according to the ROSE-file.

For UL 508A: File Nr. E66473

For NEC 505: File Nr. E203312

7. Standard conformity


This equipment is tested and approved for potentially explosive atmospheres to:

- DCTU EN 60079-0; DCTU EN 60079-1; DCTU EN 60079-7;
DCTU EN 60079-11; DCTU EN 60079-18; DCTU EN 60079-31


The most up-to-date conformity declarations and product certificates can be found on our website: www.rose-systemtechnik.com

8. Technical data

The technical data are expressed in general terms and must always be checked regarding the individual intended use.

 **Ignition protection, ambient temperatures, temperature classification, IP-ratings and rated voltage, rated current and conductor cross-sections may vary. For actually applied marking and rating data see specific device type plate.**

Manufacturer:	ROSE Systemtechnik GmbH Erbeweg 13-15 D-32457 Porta Westfalica
Rated voltage:	max. 1500 V, depending on fitted equipment
Rated current:	max. 500 A, depending on fitted equipment and ambient conditions
max. conductor cross-section:	max. 300 mm ² , depending on fitted equipment
Protective earth conductor cross-section:	max. 150 mm ² , depending on fitted equipment
Ingress protection:	max. IP66, depending on fitted equipment
Ambient temperature:	max. -55°C to +90°C, depending on gasket

 **For ex-certificates and marking please see table 1 on page 4.**